1. Mature but highly sensitive technologies

Varied Uses...

Technologies that are fulfilling and probabilistic

Technical shortcomings

Lack of human maturity

2. An inconsistent and inefficient application of the legal framework in the European Union

Relatively well regulated technologies...

Fundamental rights and freedoms

CDDP, Law Enforcement Directive, National regulations (e.g. Loi Informatique et Libertés)

...but a legal framework which suffers from implementation difficulties

Ineffective harmonisation between EU member states

Timely application of fundamental rights

3. Towards a European standardization system guaranteeing fundamental rights and freedoms

Making European standards a lever for protecting citizens...

Technical AND legal standards

Public authorities (national and European)

Partnerships (let with Civil society, Think tanks, University, etc.)

Standardization body

Members of the CEN (Representations of national standardization organizations)

Members of the CENELEC (Representations of national standardization organizations)

External actors (Facial recognition technologies developers, universities, and start-ups and other DRIs)

Reforms

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